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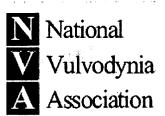
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## About Vulvodynia What is Vulvodynia?

The International Society for the Study of Vulvovaginal Disease (ISSVD) defines Vulvodyl vulvar discomfort or pain, characterized by burning, stinging, irritation or rawness of the fe cases in which there is no infection or skin disease of the vulva or vagina causing these s Burning sensations are the most common, but the type and severity of symptoms are high individualized. Pain may be constant or intermittent, localized or diffuse.

Vulvodynia has been classified into the following subtypes:

Dysesthetic Vulvodynia (generalized vulvar dysesthesia)

Dysesthetic Vulvodynia symptoms may be diffuse or in different areas at different Pain may be present in the labia majora, labia minora, and/or the vestibule. (see vanatomy) Some women experience pain in the clitoris, mons pubis, perineum and inner thighs. The pain may be constant or intermittent. Symptoms are not necessal caused by touch or pressure to the vulva, i.e., with intercourse or bicycle riding, bu activities often exacerbate the symptoms.

Vulvar Vestibulitis Syndrome (vulvar dysesthesia localized in the vestibule) Women with VVS have pain only in the vestibule, and only during or after touch or pressure is applied. Burning sensations are the most common symptom and may experienced with some or all of the following: sexual intercourse, tampon insertior gynecologic examination, bicycle riding, and wearing tight pants.

There are several other conditions that cause chronic vulvar pain and may coexist with V<sub>t</sub> most common of these are listed below:

#### Cyclic Vulvovaginitis

Women with cyclic vulvovaginitis have recurrent burning and itching symptoms at same stage of the menstrual cycle. Many have cyclical bouts of yeast infections a have other causes for their symptoms.

#### **Vulvar Dermatoses**

There are many dermatologic conditions that may cause pain in the vulva. The moreomeon include: allergic or contact dermatitis, lichen sclerosus, lichen simplex chand lichen planus. These conditions may cause symptoms of itching and burning.

Scratching the vulva and overusing topical medications may inflame the tissue, ca swelling and additional pain.

Vulvodynia, as with most chronic pain conditions, can have a profound impact on a woma life. It typically affects her ability to engage in sexual activity and may interfere with daily f sitting at a desk, engaging in physical exercise, and participating in social activities. Thes negatively affect self-image and lead to depression.

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The National Vulvodynia Association (NVA) is an educational, nonprofit organization founded to disseminate information vulvodynia. The NVA recommends that you consult your own health care practitioner to determine which course of treatn appropriate for you.

Last updated November 4th 2002

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#### General Information: Terminology

The Terminology and Classification of Vulvodynia:

Past, Present and Future

Libby Edwards, MD, Peter J. Lynch, MD

"Vulvodynia" has been the term of choice for the condition characterized by symptoms of vulvar burning, rawness, irritation, stinging, soreness, and/or pain occurring in the absence of an underlying, recognizable disease. Within the general category of vulvodynia, three subsets have been recognized:

- 1) Vulvar vestibulitis syndrome: This condition was defined as pain localized to the vestibule elicited by touch, pressure, or friction, and usually accompanied by vestibular erythema. The suffix "itis" was used in the belief that this was an inflammatory process as demonstrated by the red color present on examination and the microscopic presence of mononuclear cells clustered around the rninor vestibular glands. When the redness and pain was confined to only a small area of the vestibule, the term "focal vulvitis" was sometimes substituted for vestibulitis.
- 2) Dysesthetic vulvodynia (synonym essential or idiopathic vulvodynia): this condition was defined as vulvar pain, which was not necessarily confined to the vestibule and/or was migratory. Probing with a cottontipped applicator revealed somewhat inconsistent sites and intensity of pain. Minimal or no erythema was present upon examination and no significant number of inflammatory cells was found on biopsy. Typically, the pain of dysesthetic vulvodynia initially occurred only episodically as a direct result of touch, pressure or friction, but later on a background of low-grade, continuous pain was also described as being present. Some patients have no pain to touch.
- 3) Cyclic vulvitis: this condition was defined as vulvar pain, which occurred in a cyclic fashion, generally in concert with the menstrual cycle. The pain could arise spontaneously or could be provoked by touch, pressure or friction. Redness might or might

not be present on examination. Histologic findings were not well-established owing to the limited number of patients who had been biopsied. Intermittent, low-grade candidiasis (usually without the typical physical findings of vulvovaginal candidiasis) was thought to cause this condition. The problem often improved when chronic, suppressive oral or topical anticandidal agents were used.

Recently, problems with this terminology and classi-fication have been identified. First, detailed new information regarding the clinical appearance and biopsy findings of the vulva in normal, asymptomatic women has been reported. Many of these normal women were found to have vestibular redness, similar to that found in vulvar vestibulitis. Moreover, biopsies in these normal women often revealed some peri-glandular mononuclear cells, a histologic picture heretofore thought to be specific for vulvar vestibulitis. Second, many clinicians came to believe that cyclic vulvitis was in reality "atypical" (no vaginal discharge and no vulvar pustules) candidiasis. As such, these clinicians preferred to remove cyclic vulvitis from the classification of **vulvodynia**, because this is an underlying, recognizable disease, just as sclerosus and lichen planus are excluded because they are recognizable, specific diseases.

The problem of **vulvodynia** terminology and classification was discussed at the most recent meeting of the International Society of Vulvovaginal Disease (ISSVD) that was held in September, 1999 in Santa Fe, New Mexico. There was support to revise the terminology and to bring it in line with that used for other types of chronic pain syndromes as are contained in the cross-specialty, internationally used SNOMED nomenclature. After (largely revolving around the separation of **vulvodynia** into subsets of "provoked" versus "unprovoked" pain), the members voted to use the following terminology for a trial period of two years. This terminology will be discussed again at the ISSVD meeting in 2001 and a determination as to whether or not to make it permanent will be voted on at that time.

# ISSVD 1999 Proposed Terminology and Classification for Vulvodynia Vulvar Dysesthesia (Formerly Vulvodynia)

1) Generalized Vulvar Dysesthesia (formally dysesthetic vulvodynia). This condition refers to vulvar burning or pain that cannot be consistently, and tightly localized by point pressure "mapping" by way of probing with a cotton tipped applicator or similar instrument. The vulvar vestibule may be involved but the discomfort is not limited to the vestibule.

Clinically, the pain may occur with or without provocation (touch,

pressure or friction).

- 2) Localized Vulvar Dysesthesia. This condition refers to pain that can be consistently and tightly, localized by point pressure mapping (see above) to one or more portions of the vulva. Clinically, the pain usually occurs as a result of provocation (touch, pressure or friction).
  - A) Vestibulodynia (formerly vulvar vestibulitis). This condition refers to pain that can be point pressure mapped to one or more portions of the vulvar vestibule. Redness (especially at the orifice east of the minor vestibular glands) may or may not be present at the sites of the point pressure mapping. A few mononuclear cells, usually located around the minor vestibular glands, may be present on biopsy.
  - B) Clitoridynia refers to pain that can be point pressure mapped to the clitoris. No information regarding clinical redness or histologic inflammation is available for this condition owing to the infrequency with which it has been reported.
  - C) Other localized forms of vulvar dysesthesia. Only a few instances of unexplained pain in other vulvar sites have been reported. For this reason, it is not clear as to, whether or not this category will prove to be clinically useful.

The ISSVD understands that the classification of **vulvodynia** will evolve as a better understanding of the etiology and pathophysiology of otherwise unexplained vulvar pain occurs. For this reason, the ISSVD views the proposed new classification as a "work in progress" and welcomes comments and questions regarding our approach.

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                             of calcium influx through cell membranes or on the
                             release and binding of calcium in intracellular
                             pools. Since they are inducers of vascular and
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           147
                       NT2
                              omega-Conotoxins/CT
E29
E30
           936
                         NT3
                               omega-Conotoxin GVIA/CT
E31
          4987
                       NT1
                             Diltiazem/CT
```

```
E32
           902
                      NT1
                             Felodipine/CT
E33
           111
                      NT1
                             Fendiline/CT
E34
           965
                      NT1
                             Flunarizine/CT
E35
          1089
                      NT1
                            Gallopamil/CT
E36
          1217
                      NT1
                             Isradipine/CT
E37
           202
                      NT1
                            Lidoflazine/CT
E38
          2758
                      NT1
                            Magnesium Sulfate/CT
E39
                      NT1
                            Mibefradil/CT
           354
E40
          1970
                      NT1
                            Nicardipine/CT
E41
         12555
                      NT1
                            Nifedipine/CT
                      NT1
                            Nimodipine/CT
E42
          1834
                            Nisoldipine/CT
E43
           682
                      NT1
E44
          1892
                      NT1
                            Nitrendipine/CT
E45
           431
                      NT1
                            Perhexiline/CT
                      NT1
E46
           507
                            Prenylamine/CT
E47
         13302
                      NT1
                            Verapamil/CT
                       NT2
E48
          1089
                             Gallopamil/CT
E49
           336
                      NT1
                            omega-Agatoxin IVA/CT
                      NT1
                             omega-Conotoxin GVIA/CT
E50
           936
E51
           147
                      NT1
                             omega-Conotoxins/CT
                       NT2
E52
           936
                             omega-Conotoxin GVIA/CT
                      RT
E53
         15334
                            Anti-Arrhythmia Agents/CT
E54
         27316
                      RT
                            Antihypertensive Agents/CT
E55
         23850
                      RT
                             Vasodilator Agents/CT
*****
          END***
=> s e6-e48
         23304 "CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"/CT
                                               (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 D18.192./CT
         23304 D27.505.250.192./CT
         23304 "ANTAGONISTS, EXOGENOUS CALCIUM"/CT
                                                     (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "BLOCKADERS, EXOGENOUS CALCIUM"/CT
                                                     (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "BLOCKERS, CALCIUM CHANNEL"/CT (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "CA CHANNEL BLOCK"/CT (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS, EXOGENOUS"/CT
                                                     (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "CALCIUM BLOCKADERS, EXOGENOUS"/CT
                                                     (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKING DRUGS"/CT
                                                     (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "CALCIUM INHIBITORS, EXOGENOUS"/CT
                                                     (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "CHANNEL BLOCKERS, CALCIUM"/CT (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "EXOGENOUS CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS"/CT
                                                    (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "EXOGENOUS CALCIUM BLOCKADERS"/CT (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "EXOGENOUS CALCIUM INHIBITORS"/CT (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
         23304 "INHIBITORS, EXOGENOUS CALCIUM"/CT
                                                    (14 TERMS)
                 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"+XUSE/CT)
          1182 AMLODIPINE/CT
                               (12 TERMS)
                 (AMLODIPINE+XUSE/CT)
           737 AMRINONE/CT
                            (9 TERMS)
                 (AMRINONE+XUSE/CT)
           749 MILRINONE/CT (8 TERMS)
                 (MILRINONE+XUSE/CT)
           142 BENCYCLANE/CT (6 TERMS)
```

(BENCYCLANE+XUSE/CT) 598 BEPRIDIL/CT (22 TERMS) (BEPRIDIL+XUSE/CT) 547 CINNARIZINE/CT (16 TERMS) (CINNARIZINE+XUSE/CT) 149 CONOTOXINS/CT (10 TERMS) (CONOTOXINS+XUSE/CT) 147 OMEGA-CONOTOXINS/CT (4 TERMS) (OMEGA-CONOTOXINS+XUSE/CT) 936 "OMEGA-CONOTOXIN GVIA"/CT (16 TERMS) ("OMEGA-CONOTOXIN GVIA"+XUSE/CT) 4987 DILTIAZEM/CT (15 TERMS) (DILTIAZEM+XUSE/CT) 902 FELODIPINE/CT (4 TERMS) (FELODIPINE+XUSE/CT) 111 FENDILINE/CT (5 TERMS) (FENDILINE+XUSE/CT) 965 FLUNARIZINE/CT (11 TERMS) (FLUNARIZINE+XUSE/CT) 1089 GALLOPAMIL/CT (6 TERMS) (GALLOPAMIL+XUSE/CT) 1217 ISRADIPINE/CT (19 TERMS) (ISRADIPINE+XUSE/CT) 202 LIDOFLAZINE/CT (4 TERMS) (LIDOFLAZINE+XUSE/CT) 2758 "MAGNESIUM SULFATE"/CT (5 TERMS) ("MAGNESIUM SULFATE"+XUSE/CT) 354 MIBEFRADIL/CT (6 TERMS) (MIBEFRADIL+XUSE/CT) 1970 NICARDIPINE/CT (5 TERMS) (NICARDIPINE+XUSE/CT) 12555 NIFEDIPINE/CT (17 TERMS) (NIFEDIPINE+XUSE/CT) 1834 NIMODIPINE/CT (4 TERMS) (NIMODIPINE+XUSE/CT) 682 NISOLDIPINE/CT (3 TERMS) (NISOLDIPINE+XUSE/CT) 1892 NITRENDIPINE/CT (3 TERMS) (NITRENDIPINE+XUSE/CT) 431 PERHEXILINE/CT (3 TERMS) (PERHEXILINE+XUSE/CT) 507 PRENYLAMINE/CT (5 TERMS) (PRENYLAMINE+XUSE/CT) 13302 VERAPAMIL/CT (11 TERMS) (VERAPAMIL+XUSE/CT)

1089 GALLOPAMIL/CT (6 TERMS)

L1

(GALLOPAMIL+XUSE/CT) 54056 ("CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS"/CT OR D18.192./CT OR D27.505.250.192 ./CT OR "ANTAGONISTS, EXOGENOUS CALCIUM"/CT OR "BLOCKADERS, EXOGENOUS CALCIUM"/CT OR "BLOCKERS, CALCIUM CHANNEL"/CT OR "CA CHANNEL BLOCK"/CT OR "CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS, EXOGENOUS"/CT OR "CALCIUM BLOCKADERS, EXOGENOUS"/CT OR "CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKING DRUGS"/CT OR "CALCIUM INHIBITORS, EXOGENOUS"/CT OR "CHANNEL BLOCKERS, CALCIUM"/CT OR "EXOGENOUS CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS"/CT OR "EXOGENOUS CALCIUM BLOCKADERS"/CT OR "EXOGENOUS CALCIUM INHIBITO RS"/CT OR "INHIBITORS, EXOGENOUS CALCIUM"/CT OR AMLODIPINE/CT OR AMRINONE/CT OR MILRINONE/CT OR BENCYCLANE/CT OR BEPRIDIL/CT OR CINNARIZINE/CT OR CONOTOXINS/CT OR OMEGA-CONOTOXINS/CT OR "OMEGA-CONOTOXIN GVIA"/CT OR DILTIAZEM/CT OR FELODIPINE/CT OR FENDILINE/CT OR FLUNARIZINE/CT OR GALLOPAMIL/CT OR ISRADIPINE/CT OR LIDOFLAZINE/CT OR "MAGNESIUM SULFATE"/CT OR MIBEFRADIL/CT OR NICARDIPINE/CT OR NIFEDIPINE/CT OR NIMODIPINE/CT OR NISOLDIPI NE/CT OR NITRENDIPINE/CT OR PERHEXILINE/CT OR PRENYLA

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 1.52 1.73

#### FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:12:34 ON 02 SEP 2003 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
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FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:12:34 ON 02 SEP 2003

#### => s l1

THE ESTIMATED SEARCH COST FOR FILE 'CAPLUS' IS 70.52 U.S. DOLLARS DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N or END:y L2 90448 L1

	70110 22			
=> e	vulvodynia/c	t		
E#	FREQUENCY	AΤ		TERM
E1	17			VULVITIS: VI, VIROLOGY/CT
E2	0	1		VULVO-VAGINITIS/CT
E3	0		>	VULVODYNIA/CT
E4	0	1		VULVOVAGINAL/CT
E5	0	2		VULVOVAGINAL CANDIDIASES/CT
E6	0	2		VULVOVAGINAL CANDIDIASIS/CT
E7	0	2		VULVOVAGINAL MONILIASES/CT
E8	0	2		VULVOVAGINAL MONILIASIS/CT
E9	0	2		VULVOVAGINITIDES/CT
E10	660	15		VULVOVAGINITIS/CT
E11	1			VULVOVAGINITIS: BL, BLOOD/CT
E12	9			VULVOVAGINITIS: CI, CHEMICALLY INDUCED/CT
=> e	vulvovaginal	dis	ese/	'ct
E#	-	AΤ		TERM
	_	_		

=> e	vulvovaginal	aisese,	/ Ct
E#	FREQUENCY	AT	TERM
E1	0	2	VULVOVAGINAL CANDIDIASES/CT
E2	0	2	VULVOVAGINAL CANDIDIASIS/CT
E3	0	>	VULVOVAGINAL DISESE/CT
E4	0	2	VULVOVAGINAL MONILIASES/CT
E5	0	2	VULVOVAGINAL MONILIASIS/CT
E6	0	2	VULVOVAGINITIDES/CT
E7	660	15	VULVOVAGINITIS/CT
E8	1		VULVOVAGINITIS: BL, BLOOD/CT
E9	9		VULVOVAGINITIS: CI, CHEMICALLY INDUCED/CT
E10	3		VULVOVAGINITIS: CL, CLASSIFICATION/CT
E11	46		VULVOVAGINITIS: CO, COMPLICATIONS/CT
E12	1		VULVOVAGINITIS: DH, DIET THERAPY/CT

=>	е	vulvovaginal	. disease		e/ct
E#		FREQUENCY	ΑT		TERM
E1		0	2		VULVOVAGINAL CANDIDIASES/CT
E2		0	2		VULVOVAGINAL CANDIDIASIS/CT
E3		0	-	>	VULVOVAGINAL DISEASE/CT
E4		0	2		VULVOVAGINAL MONILIASES/CT
E5		0	2		VULVOVAGINAL MONILIASIS/CT
E6		0	2		VULVOVAGINITIDES/CT
E7		660	15		VULVOVAGINITIS/CT
E8		1			VULVOVAGINITIS: BL, BLOOD/CT
E9		9			VULVOVAGINITIS: CI, CHEMICALLY INDUCED/CT
E10	)	3			VULVOVAGINITIS: CL, CLASSIFICATION/CT
E11	L	46			VULVOVAGINITIS: CO, COMPLICATIONS/CT
E12	2	1			VULVOVAGINITIS: DH, DIET THERAPY/CT

```
=> e vulvar dysesthesia/ct
E#
     FREQUENCY
                  AΤ
                         TERM
- -
                         VULVAR DISEASES: VE, VETERINARY/CT
E1
            17
                         VULVAR DISEASES: VI, VIROLOGY/CT
E2
            67
                     --> VULVAR DYSESTHESIA/CT
E3
             0
E4
             0
                   2
                         VULVAR NEOPL/CT
                   2
                         VULVAR NEOPLASM/CT
E5
             0
                         VULVAR NEOPLASMS/CT
E6
          4388
                  41
                         VULVAR NEOPLASMS: AN, ANALYSIS/CT
E7
            42
                         VULVAR NEOPLASMS: BL, BLOOD/CT
E8
            42
                         VULVAR NEOPLASMS: BS, BLOOD SUPPLY/CT
E9
            14
                         VULVAR NEOPLASMS: CH, CHEMISTRY/CT
E10
            68
                         VULVAR NEOPLASMS: CI, CHEMICALLY INDUCED/CT
E11
            19
E12
            58
                         VULVAR NEOPLASMS: CL, CLASSIFICATION/CT
=> s vulvodynia or vulvitis or vulvovaginitis or vulvovaginal disease or vulvar
pain or vulvar dysesthesia or vulvar vestibulitis or vestibulodynia or clitoridynia
          1772 VULVODYNIA OR VULVITIS OR VULVOVAGINITIS OR VULVOVAGINAL DISEASE
L3
                OR VULVAR PAIN OR VULVAR DYSESTHESIA OR VULVAR VESTIBULITIS OR
               VESTIBULODYNIA OR CLITORIDYNIA
=> s 13 or vaginal pain
          1797 L3 OR VAGINAL PAIN
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:09:42 ON 02 SEP 2003)
     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:10:08 ON 02 SEP 2003
                E CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKER
                E CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKER/CT
                E E6+ALL
L1
          54056 S E6-E48
     FILE 'CAPLUS, MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:12:34 ON 02 SEP 2003
L2
          90448 S L1
                E VULVODYNIA/CT
                E VULVOVAGINAL DISESE/CT
                E VULVOVAGINAL DISEASE/CT
                E VULVAR DYSESTHESIA/CT
           1772 S VULVODYNIA OR VULVITIS OR VULVOVAGINITIS OR VULVOVAGINAL DISE
L3
           1797 S L3 OR VAGINAL PAIN
L4
=> s 14 and 11
THE ESTIMATED SEARCH COST FOR FILE 'CAPLUS' IS 70.52 U.S. DOLLARS
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N or END:y
             3 L4 AND L1
L5
=> dup rem 15
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5
              3 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> d ibib abs it 1-3
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:695728 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         137:210997
TITLE:
                         Compounds and methods for the treatment of urogenital
                         disorders
INVENTOR(S):
                         Mak, Vivien H. W.; Grayson, Stephen
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Cellegy Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp.
```

```
0
                        D Chemicals and Drugs/CT
E1
                 BT4
E2
             0
                  BT3
                         Chemical Actions and Uses/CT
E3
             0
                   BT2
                          Chemical Actions/CT
E4
             0
                   BT2
                          D Chemicals and Drugs/CT
          3274
                           Cardiovascular Agents/CT
E5
                     BT1
                            Calcium Channel Blockers/CT
E6
         23304
                      -->
E7
         23304
                      MN
                            D18.192./CT
E8
         23304
                      MN
                            D27.505.250.192./CT
                             an INDEX MEDICUS major descriptor
                       DC
                       NOTE
                             A class of drugs that act by selective inhibition
                             of calcium influx through cell membranes or on the
                             release and binding of calcium in intracellular
                             pools. Since they are inducers of vascular and
                             other smooth muscle relaxation, they are used in
                             the drug therapy of hypertension and
                             cerebrovascular spasms, as myocardial protective
                             agents, and in the relaxation of uterine spasms.
                       INDX
                             vasodilators; D25-26 qualif; DF: CA CHANNEL BLOCK
                             AD AE AN BL CF CH CL CS CT DU EC HI IM IP ME PD PK
                       ΑQ
                             PO RE SD ST TO TU UR
                       PNTE
                             Calcium (1966-1967) /antagonists & inhibitors
                              (1968-1981)
                       PNTE
                             Ion Channels (1979-1981)
                       HNTE
                             83; was CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS, EXOGENOUS 1982
                       ONTE
                             use CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS to search CALCIUM
                             ANTAGONISTS, EXOGENOUS 1982
                       MHTH
                             NLM (1982)
             0
                       UF
                             Antagonists, Exogenous Calcium/CT
E9
             0
                       UF
                             Blockaders, Exogenous Calcium/CT
E10
E11
             0
                       UF
                             Blockers, Calcium Channel/CT
E12
             0
                       UF
                             CA CHANNEL BLOCK/CT
             0
                       UF
                             Calcium Antagonists, Exogenous/CT
E13
             0
                       UF
                             Calcium Blockaders, Exogenous/CT
E14
             0
                       UF
                             Calcium Channel Blocking Drugs/CT
E15
             0
                       UF
                             Calcium Inhibitors, Exogenous/CT
E16
E17
             0
                       UF
                             Channel Blockers, Calcium/CT
             0
                       UF
                             Exogenous Calcium Antagonists/CT
E18
             0
                       UF
                             Exogenous Calcium Blockaders/CT
E19
             0
                       UF
                             Exogenous Calcium Inhibitors/CT
E20
             0
                       UF
                             Inhibitors, Exogenous Calcium/CT
E21
E22
          1182
                       NT1
                             Amlodipine/CT
           737
                       NT1
                             Amrinone/CT
E23
E24
           749
                        NT2
                              Milrinone/CT
                       NT1
                             Bencyclane/CT
E25
           142
           598
                       NT1
                             Bepridil/CT
E26
                       NT1
                             Cinnarizine/CT
E27
           547
E28
           149
                       NT1
                             Conotoxins/CT
                        NT2
                              omega-Conotoxins/CT
E29
           147
           936
                         NT3
                                omega-Conotoxin GVIA/CT
E30
          4987
                       NT1
                             Diltiazem/CT
E31
           902
                       NT1
                             Felodipine/CT
E32
E33
           111
                       NT1
                             Fendiline/CT
                       NT1
                             Flunarizine/CT
E34
           965
                       NT1
                             Gallopamil/CT
E35
          1089
E36
          1217
                       NT1
                             Isradipine/CT
E37
           202
                       NT1
                             Lidoflazine/CT
          2758
                       NT1
                             Magnesium Sulfate/CT
E38
E39
           354
                       NT1
                             Mibefradil/CT
          1970
                       NT1
                             Nicardipine/CT
E40
         12555
                       NT1
                             Nifedipine/CT
E41
          1834
                       NT1
                             Nimodipine/CT
E42
           682
                       NT1
                             Nisoldipine/CT
E43
E44
          1892
                       NT1
                             Nitrendipine/CT
           431
                       NT1
                             Perhexiline/CT
E45
```

E46	507	NT1	Prenylamine/CT
E47	13302	NT1	Verapamil/CT
E48	1089	NT2	Gallopamil/CT
E49	336	NT1	omega-Agatoxin IVA/CT
E50	936	NT1	omega-Conotoxin GVIA/CT
E51	147	NT1	omega-Conotoxins/CT
E52	936	NT2	omega-Conotoxin GVIA/CT
E53	15334	RT	Anti-Arrhythmia Agents/CT
E54	27316	RT	Antihypertensive Agents/CT
E55	23850	RT	Vasodilator Agents/CT
	+ 5355+++		• •

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CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
    WO 2002069906 A2 20020912 WO 2002-US7026 20020306
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
            PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
            TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
            CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
            BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                        US 2002-94409 20020306
    US 2002198136
                    A1
                           20021226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                      US 2001-273901P P 20010306
                                      US 2001-334903P P 20011024
```

AB The present invention provides methods for treating a variety of urogenital disorders, such as, for example, vaginismus, dyspareunia, vulvodynia (including vulvar vestibulitis),

interstitial cystitis, nonspecific urethritis (i.e., nonspecific pain and/or burning of the urinary tract) and sexual dysfunctions, such as, for example, female sexual arousal disorders and female sexual orgasmic disorders, using a variety of compds., including, but not limited to, NO donors, calcium channel blockers, cholinergic modulators,

.alpha.-adrenergic receptor antagonists, .beta.-adrenergic receptor agonists, phosphodiesterase inhibitors, cAMP-dependent protein kinase activators (e.g., cAMP mimetics), superoxide scavengers, potassium channel activators, estrogen-like compds., testosterone-like compds., benzodiazepines, adrenergic nerve inhibitors, antidiarrheal agents, HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors, smooth muscle relaxants, adenosine receptor modulators, adenylyl cyclase activators, endothelin receptor antagonists, bisphosphonates and cGMP-dependent protein kinase activators (e.g., cGMP mimetics).

IT Nerve

> (adrenergic, inhibitors; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders)

IT Endothelin receptors

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (antagonists; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders)

IT Ion channel blockers

> (calcium; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders)

IT

(cholinergic, modulators; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders)

IT Bladder, disease

> (cystitis; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders)

IT Urogenital tract

> (disease; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders)

Sexual behavior IT

(disorder, female; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders)

Adenosine receptors IT

> RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (modulators; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of

```
female sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (ointments, creams; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement
        of female sexual arousal disorders)
     Drug delivery systems
IT
        (ointments; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     Ion channel openers
        (potassium; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     Antidiarrheals
     Antimicrobial agents
     Drug delivery systems
     Hormone replacement therapy
     Human
     Muscle relaxants
     Radical scavengers
     Vaqina, disease
        (treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual
        arousal disorders)
IT
     Androgens
     Estrogens
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual
        arousal disorders)
ΙT
     Inflammation
        (urethral; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     Adrenoceptor antagonists
        (.alpha.-; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     Adrenoceptor antagonists
        (.alpha.1-; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
ΙT
     Adrenoceptor antagonists
        (.alpha.2-; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     Adrenoceptor agonists
        (.beta.-; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
ΙT
     9012-42-4, Adenylyl cyclase
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (activators; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of
        female sexual arousal disorders)
     80449-02-1, Protein kinase
IT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (cAMP- and cGMP-dependent, activators; treatment of urogenital
        disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders)
     10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies
IT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (donors; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     9036-21-9, CAMP phosphodiesterase
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (inhibitors; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of
        female sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     7665-99-8, CGMP
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (mimetics; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     51-84-3, biological studies
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (storage and vesicle transport blocking agents; treatment of urogenital
```

disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) ΙT 745-65-3 9028-35-7, HMG-CoA reductase 11062-77-4, Superoxide 142008-29-5 141588-27-4 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) 50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies 53-43-0, DHEA 55-63-0, IT Nitroglycerin 58-22-0, Testosterone 58-55-9, Theophylline, biological studies 146-48-5, Yohimbine 317-34-0, Aminophylline 439-14-5, Diazepam 479-18-5, Dyphylline 651-48-9, DHEA sulfate 12794-10-4D, Benzodiazepine, derivs. 13598-36-2D, Phosphonic acid, alkylidinebisderivs. 21829-25-4 22232-64-0, Vesamicol 38304-91-5, Minoxidil 42399-41-7, Diltiazem 53179-11-6 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT 75330-75-5, Lovastatin RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (vaginal ring; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:173509 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:173509 Pharmaceutical compositions for treatment of TITLE: vulvitis and vulvovaginitis Hangay, Gyorgy; Olah, Gabor, Mrs.; Tokos, Edit; Vamos, INVENTOR(S): Gyorgy PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vepex Kft., Hung. PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 9402148 A1 19940203 WO 1993-HU16 19930318 W: AU, BG, CA, CZ, FI, JP, KR, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SK, UA, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE HU 1992-2398 19920722 HU 64840 A2 19940328 HU 212426 В 19960628 EP 1993-908053 19930318 EP 651641 A1 19950510 EP 651641 B1 19980909 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE JP 1993-503947 19930318 JP 08501533 T2 19960220 RO 1995-96 RO 111735 B1 19970130 19930318 PL 1993-307256 19930318 PL 171031 B1 19970228 CZ 283011 В6 19971217 CZ 1995-153 19930318 AU 688260 B2 19980312 AU 1993-39031 19930318 A1 19940214 AU 9339031 RU 2117479 C1 19980820 RU 1995-109159 19930318 SK 279276 B6 19980909 SK 1995-77 19930318 AT 170752 Ε 19980915 AT 1993-908053 19930318 FI 9500290 Α 19950123 FI 1995-290 19950123 US 5622927 US 1995-374572 19950816 A 19970422

AB A pharmaceutical compn. for treating and alleviating the symptoms of vulvitis and vulvovaginitis comprises 0.05-0.5% folic acid, 0.25-2.5% panthenol and/or 0.15-1.5% allantoin, 0.75-7.5% protein

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

HU 1992-2398 A 19920722

W 19930318

WO 1993-HU16

hydrolyzate or casein hydrolyzate, 3.0-15.0% lactose or dextrose, 0.25-2.5% lactic acid, 0.25-2.5% Mg sulfate and 0.75-7.5% NaCl or NH4Cl. Formulation of suppositories, ointments, solns. and sprays are given. Suppositories of the invention decreased pH of vagina from 5.87 to 5.43 after 1 mo treatment.

IT Protein hydrolyzates

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(pharmaceutical compn. contg., for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Vaqina

(disease, vaginitis, treatment of, with pharmaceutical compn. contg. folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate)

IT Fatty acids, esters

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(esters, with polyoxyethylene sorbitan, pharmaceutical compn. contg., for treatment of vulvitis and vulvovaginitis)

IT Caseins, compounds

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(hydrolyzates, pharmaceutical compn. contg., for treatment of vulvitis and vulvovaginitis)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(solns., folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate in, for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(sprays, folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate in, for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(suppositories, folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate in, for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(suppositories, vaginal, folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate in, for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Reproductive tract

(vulva, disease, **vulvitis**, treatment of, with pharmaceutical compn. contg. folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies 50-99-7, Dextrose, biological studies 59-30-3, Folic acid, biological studies 63-42-3, Lactose 81-13-0, Panthenol 97-59-6, Allantoin 7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, biological studies 7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, biological studies 9005-63-4D, Polyoxyethylene sorbitan, esters with fatty acids 12125-02-9, Ammonium chloride, biological studies 25322-68-3, Peg RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(pharmaceutical compn. contg., for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:617385 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:217385

TITLE: Method and compositions for enhancing white blood cell

functioning on a mucosal or cutaneous surface

INVENTOR(S): Rudy, Michael A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cytologics, Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 89 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

LANGUAGE: Engli FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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WO 9318747
                       A1
                            19930930
                                           WO 1993-US2801
                                                             19930325
        W: CA, JP
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                            19951114
                                           US 1992-858290
                                                            19920326
    US 5466680
                      Α
                       A1
                            19950118
                                           EP 1993-908579
                                                            19930325
    EP 633767
                      В1
                            20000712
    EP 633767
        R: CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL
                                           JP 1993-516837
                                                            19930325
    JP 07509449
                     T2
                            19951019
                                           ES 1993-908579
                                                             19930325
                       T3
                            20001116
    ES 2149812
                                        US 1992-858290 A 19920326
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        WO 1993-US2801
                                                         W 19930325
    A compn. contg. an energy source for white blood cells, a source of Na+,
AB
    K+, Mg2+, and/or Ca2+, and a source of Cl-, SO42-, phosphate, and/or
    HCO3-, having pH 4-10 and an osmolality of 140-2000, is applied to a
    mucosal or cutaneous surface of a mammal to inhibit disease-causing agents
    and promote wound healing. Thus, a compn. contg. dextrose-H2O 5.29,
    NaHCO3 21.98, NaCl 6.73, CaCl2.2H2O 0.13, KCl 0.17, KH2PO4 0.082,
    MgSO4.7H2O 0.14, citric acid 0.72, CM-cellulose 6.00 g, HOAc 14.6, and
    water 1000 mL enhanced NBT redn. by human neutrophils, inhibited nasal
     inflammation in colds, and inhibited Candida vulvovaginitis when
     applied topically.
IT
    Radiation
        (cystitis and proctitis and vaginitis from, treatment of, with
        electrolytes and energy source)
ΙT
     Inflammation inhibitors
        (electrolytes and energy source for leukocytes)
IT
    Allergy inhibitors
        (electrolytes and energy source for leukocytes, for nose mucosa
        inflammation treatment)
IT
    Anti-infective agents
        (electrolytes and energy source, for mucosa and skin)
IT
    Bactericides, Disinfectants, and Antiseptics
     Fungicides and Fungistats
     Protozoacides
     Virucides and Virustats
        (electrolytes and energy source, for mucosa and skin infection
        treatment)
IT
     Wound healing promoters
        (electrolytes and energy sources)
IT
    Leukocyte
        (energy source for, mucosa and skin infection treatment with
        electrolytes and)
IT
        (infection characterized by, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy
        source)
IT
     Chlamydia
        (infection with, of mucosa and skin, electrolytes and energy source for
        treatment of)
IT
     Environment
        (irritants of, nose mucosa inflammation from, treatment of, with
        electrolytes and energy source for leukocytes)
IT
        (mucosa and skin infection treatment in, with energy source and
        electrolytes)
IT
     Chelating agents
        (mucosa and skin infection treatment with compn. contg. electrolytes
        and energy source and)
IT
    Anions
     Cations
        (mucosa and skin infection treatment with compn. contg. energy source
    Amino acids, biological studies
IT
     Fats and Glyceridic oils
     Fatty acids, biological studies
```

Lipids, biological studies Monosaccharides Oligosaccharides Peptides, biological studies Phosphates, biological studies Polysaccharides, biological studies Proteins, biological studies RL: BIOL (Biological study) (mucosa and skin infection treatment with electrolytes and) ΙT Common cold Hay fever Influenza (nose mucosa inflammation treatment in, with electrolytes and energy source for leukocytes) ΙT Pruritus (of anus, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Irritants (of environment, nose mucosa inflammation from, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source for leukocytes) IT Transplant and Transplantation (of eye cornea and skin, wound healing promoter for, electrolytes and energy source in) ΙT Asthma (tracheobronchitis in, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Burn (treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) Antidepressants IT (vagina dryness and inflammation and irritation from, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Candida (vulvovaginitis from, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) Parturition IΤ (wound healing promoter in, electrolytes and energy source as) IT (acuminate, genital, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) Eye, disease IT (allergic conjunctivitis, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Intestine, disease (anus, mucosa, infection, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Uterus, disease (cervicitis, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) Uterus, disease IT (cervix, mucosa, infection, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Therapeutics (chemo-, wound healing promoter in, electrolytes and energy source as) IT Lung, disease (chronic obstructive, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Eye (cornea, transplant, wound healing promoter for, electrolytes and energy source in) IT Salivary gland (disease, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Vagina (disease, candidiasis, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Trachea (anatomical) (disease, chronic tracheitis, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

TΤ Bladder (disease, cystitis, from radiation, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Ginqiva (disease, gingivitis, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Vein (disease, hemorrhoid, inflammation in, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) Mucous membrane TT (disease, infection, treatment of, with energy source and electrolytes) Tooth IT (disease, plaque, gingiva infection in, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Sinus (disease, sinusitis, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) ΙT Urethra (disease, urethritis, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Vagina (disease, vaginitis, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT(disease, xerostomia, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Bronchi (diseases, chronic bronchitis, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Eye, disease (dry, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) ΙT Pharmaceutical dosage forms (emulsions, electrolytes and energy source in, for mucosa and skin infection treatment) IT Animal metabolism (energy, metabolic intermediates in, mucosa and skin infection treatment with electrolytes and) IT Virus, animal (herpes simplex, infection with, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) Virus, animal ΙT (herpes simplex 1, infection with, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) Virus, animal IT (herpes simplex 2, infection with, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) Virus, animal ΙT (human papilloma, infection with, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) Eye, disease IT(infection, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Vagina (mucosa, disease, dryness, from antidepressants and cancer chemotherapy, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Bladder Bronchi Trachea (anatomical) Urethra Vaqina (mucosa, disease, infection, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Vaqina (mucosa, disease, inflammation, from antidepressants and cancer chemotherapy, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source) IT Vaqina (mucosa, disease, irritation, from antidepressants and cancer

chemotherapy, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

IT Gingiva Mouth

(mucosa, infection, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

IT Nose

(mucosa, disease, infection, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

IT Reproductive tract

(neoplasm, acuminate wart, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

IT Sinus

(paranasal, mucosa, disease, infection, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

IT Intestine, disease

(rectum, inflammation, from radiation, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

IT Intestine, disease

(rectum, mucosa, infection, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(solns., electrolytes and energy source in, for mucosa and skin infection treatment)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(suspensions, electrolytes and energy source in, for mucosa and skin infection treatment)

IT Skin

(transplant, wound healing promoter for, electrolytes and energy source in)

IT Respiratory tract

(upper, disease, infection, nose mucosa inflammation treatment in, with electrolytes and energy source for leukocytes)

IT Virus, animal

(varicella-zoster, infection with, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

IT Reproductive tract

(vulva, disease, infection, treatment of, with electrolytes and energy source)

50-21-5, biological studies 50-99-7, D-Glucose, biological studies IT 56-73-5, Glucose 6-phosphate 57-48-7, D-Fructose, biological studies 57-50-1, Sucrose, biological studies 59-23-4, D-Galactose, biological 63-42-3 64-19-7, Acetic acid, biological studies studies 77-92-9, biological studies 87-69-4, L(+)-Tartaric acid, Maltose 127-17-3, Pyruvic acid, biological studies biological studies 643-13-0, Fructose 6-phosphate 3458-28-4, D-Mannose 9005-25-8, Starch, 9005-79-2, Glycogen, biological studies biological studies RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(mucosa and skin infection treatment with compn. contg. electrolytes and)

IT 60-00-4, EDTA, biological studies 67-42-5, EGTA 67-43-6, DTPA 87-73-0, Saccharic acid 93-62-9, HIMDA 139-13-9, NTA 150-25-4, N,N-Bishydroxyethylglycine 150-39-0 1170-02-1, EDDHA 13291-61-7, DCTA

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(mucosa and skin infection treatment with compn. contg. electrolytes and energy source and)

71-52-3, Bicarbonate, biological studies 144-55-8, Sodium bicarbonate, IT 7439-95-4, Magnesium, biological studies 7440-09-7, biological studies Potassium, biological studies 7440-23-5, Sodium, biological studies 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological studies 7447-40-7, Potassium chloride, biological studies 7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, biological 7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, biological studies 7778-77-0 10034-99-8, Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate 10035-04-8, Calcium chloride 10043-52-4, Calcium chloride, biological studies dihydrate 14265-44-2, Phosphate, biological studies 14808-79-8, Sulfate, biological studies

16068-46-5, Potassium phosphate 16887-00-6, Chloride, biological studies RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(mucosa and skin infection treatment with compn. contg. energy source and)

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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE
ENTRY
SESSION

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E E6+ALL

L1 54056 S E6-E48

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L2 90448 S L1

E VULVODYNIA/CT

E VULVOVAGINAL DISESE/CT

E VULVOVAGINAL DISEASE/CT

E VULVAR DYSESTHESIA/CT

L3 1772 S VULVODYNIA OR VULVITIS OR VULVOVAGINITIS OR VULVOVAGINAL DISE

L4 1797 S L3 OR VAGINAL PAIN

L5 3 S L4 AND L1

L6 3 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

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L8 3 L5

=> s l1 and l4
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DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y)/N or END:y
5 FILES SEARCHED...

'CT' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE L9 3 L1 AND L4

2002:695728 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:210997 Compounds and methods for the treatment of urogenital TITLE: disorders Mak, Vivien H. W.; Grayson, Stephen INVENTOR(S): Cellegy Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------20020912 WO 2002-US7026 20020306 WO 2002069906 A2 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2002198136 A1 20021226 US 2002-94409 20020306 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-273901P P 20010306 US 2001-334903P P 20011024 The present invention provides methods for treating a variety of AB urogenital disorders, such as, for example, vaginismus, dyspareunia, vulvodynia (including vulvar vestibulitis), interstitial cystitis, nonspecific urethritis (i.e., nonspecific pain and/or burning of the urinary tract) and sexual dysfunctions, such as, for example, female sexual arousal disorders and female sexual orgasmic disorders, using a variety of compds., including, but not limited to, NO donors, calcium channel blockers, cholinergic modulators, .alpha.-adrenergic receptor antagonists, .beta.-adrenergic receptor agonists, phosphodiesterase inhibitors, cAMP-dependent protein kinase activators (e.g., cAMP mimetics), superoxide scavengers, potassium channel activators, estrogen-like compds., testosterone-like compds., benzodiazepines, adrenergic nerve inhibitors, antidiarrheal agents, HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors, smooth muscle relaxants, adenosine receptor modulators, adenylyl cyclase activators, endothelin receptor antagonists, bisphosphonates and cGMP-dependent protein kinase activators (e.g., cGMP mimetics). IT Nerve (adrenergic, inhibitors; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Endothelin receptors RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (antagonists; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) ΙT Ion channel blockers (calcium; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT (cholinergic, modulators; treatment of uroqenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) Bladder, disease IT (cystitis; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female

sexual arousal disorders)

ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

IT Urogenital tract (disease; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Sexual behavior (disorder, female; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Adenosine receptors RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (modulators; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) Drug delivery systems IT (ointments, creams; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) Drug delivery systems IT (ointments; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Ion channel openers (potassium; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Antidiarrheals Antimicrobial agents Drug delivery systems Hormone replacement therapy Human Muscle relaxants Radical scavengers Vagina, disease (treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Androgens Estrogens RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) ΙT Inflammation (urethral; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Adrenoceptor antagonists (.alpha.-; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Adrenoceptor antagonists (.alpha.1-; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Adrenoceptor antagonists (.alpha.2-; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT Adrenoceptor agonists (.beta.-; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) IT 9012-42-4, Adenylyl cyclase RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (activators; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) 80449-02-1, Protein kinase RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (cAMP- and cGMP-dependent, activators; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) 10102-43-9, Nitric oxide, biological studies IT RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (donors; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders) 9036-21-9, CAMP phosphodiesterase IT RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

```
(inhibitors; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of
        female sexual arousal disorders)
     7665-99-8, CGMP
IT
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (mimetics; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female
        sexual arousal disorders)
IT
     51-84-3, biological studies
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (storage and vesicle transport blocking agents; treatment of urogenital
        disorders and improvement of female sexual arousal disorders)
IT
               9028-35-7, HMG-CoA reductase
                                             11062-77-4, Superoxide
     141588-27-4
                  142008-29-5
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual
        arousal disorders)
IT
     50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies 53-43-0, DHEA
                                                             55-63-0,
                    58-22-0, Testosterone 58-55-9, Theophylline, biological
    Nitroglycerin
             146-48-5, Yohimbine 317-34-0, Aminophylline 439-14-5,
              479-18-5, Dyphylline 651-48-9, DHEA sulfate
                                                             12794-10-4D,
    Benzodiazepine, derivs. 13598-36-2D, Phosphonic acid, alkylidinebis-
     derivs. 21829-25-4 22232-64-0, Vesamicol
                                                 38304-91-5,
    Minoxidil 42399-41-7, Diltiazem
                                    53179-11-6
    RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of female sexual
        arousal disorders)
     75330-75-5, Lovastatin
IT
    RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vaginal ring; treatment of urogenital disorders and improvement of
        female sexual arousal disorders)
    ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1994:173509 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        120:173509
TITLE:
                        Pharmaceutical compositions for treatment of
                        vulvitis and vulvovaginitis
                        Hangay, Gyorgy; Olah, Gabor, Mrs.; Tokos, Edit; Vamos,
INVENTOR (S):
                        Gyorgy
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Vepex Kft., Hung.
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                        1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
                    ----
                                         -----
    WO 9402148
                     A1 19940203
                                         WO 1993-HU16
                                                          19930318
        W: AU, BG, CA, CZ, FI, JP, KR, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SK, UA, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
    HU 64840
                     A2
                           19940328
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                                                          19920722
    HU 212426
                      В
                           19960628
    EP 651641
                     A1
                           19950510
                                         EP 1993-908053
                                                          19930318
    EP 651641
                     B1
                          19980909
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    JP 08501533
                     T2
                          19960220
                                         JP 1993-503947
                                                          19930318
    RO 111735
                     B1
                          19970130
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    PL 171031
                     B1 19970228
                                         PL 1993-307256
                                                          19930318
    CZ 283011
                     B6 19971217
                                         CZ 1995-153
                                                          19930318
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AU 688260

AU 9339031

RU 2117479

B2 19980312

A1 19940214

19980820

C1

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В6 19980909 SK 1995-77 19930318 SK 279276 AT 170752 E 19980915 AT 1993-908053 19930318 FI 1995-290 19950123 FI 9500290 Α 19950123 US 1995-374572 19950816 US 5622927 Α 19970422 A 19920722 HU 1992-2398 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 1993-HU16 W 19930318

AB A pharmaceutical compn. for treating and alleviating the symptoms of vulvitis and vulvovaginitis comprises 0.05-0.5% folic acid, 0.25-2.5% panthenol and/or 0.15-1.5% allantoin, 0.75-7.5% protein hydrolyzate or casein hydrolyzate, 3.0-15.0% lactose or dextrose, 0.25-2.5% lactic acid, 0.25-2.5% Mg sulfate and 0.75-7.5% NaCl or NH4Cl. Formulation of suppositories, ointments, solns. and sprays are given. Suppositories of the invention decreased pH of vagina from 5.87 to 5.43 after 1 mo treatment.

IT Protein hydrolyzates

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(pharmaceutical compn. contg., for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Vaqina

(disease, vaginitis, treatment of, with pharmaceutical compn. contg. folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate)

IT Fatty acids, esters

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(esters, with polyoxyethylene sorbitan, pharmaceutical compn. contg., for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Caseins, compounds

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(hydrolyzates, pharmaceutical compn. contg., for treatment of vulvitis and vulvovaginitis)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(solns., folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate in, for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(sprays, folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate in, for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(suppositories, folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate in, for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Pharmaceutical dosage forms

(suppositories, vaginal, folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate in, for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)

IT Reproductive tract

(vulva, disease, **vulvitis**, treatment of, with pharmaceutical compn. contg. folic acid and panthenol and allantoin and protein hydrolyzate)

IT 50-21-5, Lactic acid, biological studies 50-99-7, Dextrose, biological studies 59-30-3, Folic acid, biological studies 63-42-3, Lactose 81-13-0, Panthenol 97-59-6, Allantoin **7487-88-9**, Magnesium sulfate, biological studies 7647-14-5, Sodium chloride, biological studies 9005-63-4D, Polyoxyethylene sorbitan, esters with fatty acids 12125-02-9, Ammonium chloride, biological studies 25322-68-3, Peg RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(pharmaceutical compn. contg., for treatment of **vulvitis** and **vulvovaginitis**)